The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1785. (No. 100.)

James M'Kenna,

Hath opened ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, next door to Col. Fitzgerald's, where he ſells by wholeſale and retail, for caſh and all kinds of country produce,

BEST Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India rum, New-England ditto, brandy, wine, loaf ſugar, muſcovado ditto, ſuperfine and ſecond cloths, coatings, Bath rugs, duffils, linſeys, flannels, corduroys, mens' and boys' worſted hoſe, printed linens and calicoes, dyed plains, ladies' cardinal cloaks, Iriſh 7-8 and yard wide linens, mens' and womens' leather ſhoes and gloves, ſhalloons, gauzes, tammies, calamancoes, oſnaburgs, checks of all breadths, ſhoe thread, white ſewing ditto, ſilk, ribbons and taſte, writing-paper, quills, wafers, muſtard, ſnuff in bottles, hair-powder, hyſon, ſouchong and bohea teas, mould candles, nails, powder and ſhot, Negro cottons, indigo, mens' and boys' hats, twiſt, playing cards, ſmoaking tobacco, carpenters' rules, braſs and iron candleſticks, check handkerchiefs, blankets, ſleeve-buttons, watch keys, ſeals, chains, ſprings and cryſtals, beſt alum ſalt and a variety of delf and queen's ware.

Alexandria, Dec. 22, 1785.

MR. WILLIAM LOWRY being gone for England, intending to return early in the ſeaſon with a large and elegant aſſortment of Spring and Summer GOODS, and having appointed Meſſieurs JESSE TAYLOR and JAMES M'KENNA his attornies during his abſence, to collect, receive, ſue for and recover, all the remaining debts due to the late partnerſhip, under the firm of LOWRY and M'KENNA, whether by bond note or otherwiſe; it is therefore earneſtly requeſted that ſpeedy payments may be made to either of his attornies, or conſequences muſt enſue diſagreeable to both parties.

Alexandria, Dec. 22, 1785.

For FREIGHT or CHARTER to Cadiz, Liſbon, or any of the Weſt-India iſlands,

THE ſhip FRIENDS, JOHN MUIR, Maſter. The Friends is a Britiſh ſhip of about 300 hogſheads burthen, completely fitted, with a Mediterranean paſs of the neweſt cut. Apply to the Captain on board at Hooe's wharf, or

WILLIAM HUNTER, jun.

Alexandria, Dec. 22, 1785.

WANTS employment as a CLERK, a middle aged man.—Any gentleman in want of ſuch, by directing a letter to Captain MUIR, will be immediately waited on.

Alexandria, Dec. 22, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

At the Printing-Office,

A SERMON on the RELATIONS of the CHRISTIAN MINISTRY.—Preached at St. Peter's and Chriſt-Church, in the City of Philadelphia, the 2d day of October, 1785, and publiſhed at the Requeſt of the Epiſcopal Convention.—By CHARLES H. WHARTON, D. D.

Alſo, a SERMON preached in Chriſt-Church, Philadelphia, on Friday, October 7th, 1785, before the General Convention of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, in the States of New-York, New-Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and South-Carolina. On Occaſion of the firſt Introduction of the LITURGY and Public Service of the ſaid Church, as *altered* and recommended to future Uſe, by the Convention.—By WILLIAM SMITH, D. D. Principal of Waſhington-College, and Rector of Cheſter Pariſh, in the State of Maryland.

Likewiſe, a Journal of a Convention of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church in the States of New-York, New-Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and South-Carolina, held in Chriſt-Church, in the City of Philadelphia, from September 27th to October 7th, 1785.

Concluſion of the Tool Act begun in our laſt.

V. AND be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid firſt day of Auguſt, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, if any perſon or perſons hath or have in his, her, or their cuſtody, power, or poſſeſſion, or ſhall collect, obtain, make, apply for, or cauſe or procure to be made, any ſuch tool, utenſil, or implement, or any part or parts thereof, or any ſuch model or plan, models or plans, or part or parts thereof as aforeſaid, with intent to export, or that the ſame may be exported out of Great-Britain to any part or place beyond the ſeas (except to Ireland) and complaint being made, upon the oath of one or more credible witneſs or witneſſes, before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the peace, that there is reaſon to believe ſuch perſon or perſons hath or have in his, her, or their cuſtody, power, or poſſeſſion, or hath or have collected, obtained, made, applied for, or cauſed or procured to be made, any ſuch tool, utenſil, or implement, or part or parts thereof, or any ſuch model or plan, or models or plans, or part or parts thereof as aforeſaid, with intent to export, or that the ſame may be exported to ſome other part or place than Great-Britain or Ireland; then, and in any of the ſaid caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the peace to iſſue his or their warrant or warrants to ſeize all ſuch tools, utenſils, or implements, or part or parts thereof, and all ſuch models or plans, or part or parts thereof as aforeſaid, and to bring the perſon or perſons ſo complained of, before him or them, or ſome other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the peace, for the ſame county, city, riding, diviſion, ſhire, ſtewartry, or place; and if ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall not give ſuch an account of the uſe or purpoſe to which ſuch tools, utenſils, or implements, or part or parts, models or plans, or part or parts thereof, is, are, or were intended to be appropriated, as ſhall be ſatisfactory to the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall be brought as aforeſaid, then, and in ſuch caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to cauſe all ſuch tools, utenſils, or implements, or part or parts thereof, models or plans, or part or parts thereof, which ſhall have been ſo ſeized as aforeſaid, to be detained, and alſo to bind the perſon or perſons ſo charged to appear at the next aſſizes, general gaol delivery, or quarter ſeſſions of the peace, for the county, city, riding, diviſion, ſhire, ſtewartry, or place, where ſuch offence ſhall be committed, with reaſonable ſureties for his, her or their appearance; and in caſe ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall refuſe or neglect to give ſuch ſecurity, then, and in ſuch caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to commit ſuch perſon or perſons to the county gaol, priſon, or houſe of correction, there to remain until the next aſſizes, or quarter ſeſſions of the county, city, riding, diviſion, liberty, ſtewartry, or place, where ſuch commitment ſhall be, and until he, ſhe, or they ſhall be delivered by due courſe of law; and in caſe any ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall be convicted, upon any indictment or information againſt him, her, or them, at ſuch aſſizes or quarter ſeſſions of the peace as aforeſaid, of having in his, her, or their cuſtody, power, or poſſeſſion, or of having collected, obtained, made, applied for, or cauſed or procured to be made, any ſuch tool, utenſil, or implement, or part or parts thereof, model or plan, or part or parts thereof, with ſuch intent as aforeſaid, then, and in ſuch caſe, the perſon or perſons ſo convicted ſhall, for every ſuch offence, forfeit and loſe all ſuch tools, utenſils, or implements, or part or parts thereof, models or plans, or part or parts thereof, which ſhall be ſo ſeized and detained, and alſo the ſum of two hundred pounds of lawful money of Great-Britain, and ſhall ſuffer impriſonment in the common gaol of the county, city, riding, diviſion, ſhire, ſtewartry, or place, wherein ſuch offender or offenders reſpectivly ſhall be committed, for the ſpace of twelve months, without bail or mainprize, and, until ſuch forfeiture ſhall be paid.

VI. And whereas, for the encouraging of ſuch manufactories in this kingdom, it is neceſſary that proviſion ſhould be made to prevent artificers, and others employed therein, from departing, or from being ſeduced to depart out of this kingdom; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt day of Auguſt, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, if any perſon or perſons ſhall contract with, entice, perſuade, or endeavour to ſeduce or encourage, any artificer or workman concerned or employed, or who ſhall have worked at, or been employed in the iron or ſteel manufactures in this kingdom, or in making or preparing any tools or utenſils for ſuch manufactory, to go out of Great-Britain to any parts beyond the ſeas (except to Ireland) and ſhall be convicted thereof, upon indictment or information in the court of King's-Bench at Weſtminſter, or by indictment at the aſſizes, or general gaol delivery, or quarter ſeſſions for the county or place, wherein ſuch offence ſhall be committed, or the offender or offenders ſhall live or reſide, or by indictment in the court of juſticiary, or any of the circuit courts in Scotland, as the caſe may be; every perſon ſo convicted ſhall, for every artificer ſo contracted with, enticed, perſuaded, encouraged, or ſeduced, or attempted ſo to be, forfeit and pay the ſum of five hundred pounds of lawful money of Great-Britain, and ſhall be committed to the common gaol for the county, place, or ſtewartry, wherein the offender or offenders ſhall be convicted, there to remain without bail or mainprize for the ſpace of twelve calendar months, and until ſuch forfeiture ſhall be paid; and in caſe of a ſubſequent offence of the ſame kind, the perſon or perſons ſo again offending ſhall, upon the like conviction, forfeit and pay, for every perſon ſo contracted with, enticed, perſuaded, encouraged or ſeduced, or attempted ſo to be, the ſum of one thouſand pounds of lawful money of Great-Britain, and ſhall be committed to the common gaol as aforeſaid, there to remain, without bail or mainprize, for and during the term of two years, and until ſuch forfeiture ſhall be paid.

VII. Provided always, That no perſon ſhall be proſecuted for any of the offences aforeſaid, unleſs ſuch proſecution ſhall be commenced within the ſpace of twelve calendar months next after ſuch offence ſhall be committed.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral penalties and forfeitures herein beforementioned, ſhall and may be ſued for and recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majeſty's courts of record at Weſtminſter, or in the court of exchequer, or in the court of ſeſſion in Scotland, in the name of his Majeſty's Attorney-General, or Lord-Advocate, or in the name of ſome officer or officers of the cuſtoms in Great-Britain reſpectively, wherein no eſſoin, protection, privilege, wager of law, or more than one imparlance, ſhall be allowed; and that one moiety of the ſaid penalties and forfeitures ſhall go and be applied to the uſe of his Majeſty, his heirs and ſucceſſors, and the other moiety to the uſe of ſuch officer or officers of the cuſtoms as ſhall ſue and proſecute for the ſame reſpectively, after deducting the charges of proſecution from the whole.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuit or action ſhall be commenced againſt any perſon for what he ſhall do in purſuance of this act, ſuch ſuit or action ſhall be commenced within three months next after the fact committed; and the perſon ſo ſued may file common bail, or enter a common appearance, and plead the general iſſue not guilty, and may give this act and the ſpecial matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff or proſecutor ſhall become nonſuit, or ſuffer

, or if a verdict pafs againft him or
n demurrer, judgment fhall be given
aintiff, the defendant fhall recover

(near Conftantinople) Aug. 25.
an marine in the Black Sea becomes
y more formidable, and the Porte
e without inquietude. A fquadron,
ne fhip of the line, and 12 frigates,
ing along the coafts, and approached
diftinctly feen to pafs before Synope.
that on its entrance into the Port of
in the Crimea, they will find the
, which is building there in great
nd that as foon as it is ready to put to
ron will make a fecond cruife under
of a Vice-Admiral. Advices from
ention, that the naval force of Ruf-
ck Sea, confifts of three fhips of the
, two others of the fame rate, which
-yards of Cherfon, 15 frigates, from
and four or five cutters.

G U E, October 3.
and High Mightineffes the States of
Weft-Friefland will this day refume
berations.
vill go into mourning on Sunday next
ueen of Sardinia.
of Zealand have confented to the
ditional company of artillery, and to
g the corps of miners, &c.
Nimeguen mention, that the Pruffian
el and in the neighbourhood, have
themfelves in readinefs to march on
. Our politicians who delight in
tures fay, this regards the Emperor.

LEBURGH, Sept. 30.
Mightineffes the States of this Pro-
me to the following refolution rela-
fication of the Preliminary Articles of
n between the Emperor and the Re-
in the firft place approve of the con-
eputy of the Province, who was pre-
ing on foreign affairs, efpecially with
notations made againft the refolution
Mightineffes, referving the rights and
n of this Province; and it was far-
d to write to the faid Deputy, and di-
lare,
ligh Mightineffes the States of this
n two declarations of the 14th of
of September, with every neceffary
ence, but yet cordially and frankly,
fears on the dangerous and trifling
the negociations were carried on;
ifly infifted that the Court of France,
he Republic had implicitly followed
fs, fhould be requefted finally to de-
when the condefcenfion of the Re-
arly exhaufted, how far His Moft
fty intended to fupport the Republic;
e time this Province offered every
power for the defence and preferva-
ty and independence of the State:
hftanding this, a majority of the
Provinces in fuch a deliberation can
ority) neglecting all thefe juft obfer-
hought proper to give other inftruc-
baffadors at Paris, againft which the
Province was obliged to proteft:
n thefe inftructions, when compared
ninary Articles as figned, appear to
from which they are obliged to con-
ner the Ambaffadors went beyond
received fome fecret ones unknown
lightineffes:
t entering into particulars, they only
e States-General left the determina-
erences between the fum demanded
, to the arbitration of his Moft Chrif-
n a fuppofition, that that fum, once
be in full of every claim of the Em-
public; and that in confequence of
defcenfion, the Emperor would not
batteries near the forts of the Repub-
demoliih thofe already erected; at
timately acknowledge the fovereign-
blic over the Scheldt, and without
e all pretenfions in general to any of
the Republic; that the trade to In-
opped conformable to the 5th article
Vienna; and that the Scheldt, and
Sas, the Swin, &c. fhould be kept
ublic, according to the 14th article
Munfter:
heleff none of thefe articles, which
ligh Mightineffes to make thefe con-
be found in the preliminary articles,
verfe of them is there ftipulated:
re, the States of this Province, de-
uld in no wife be concerned in the
ratification of thofe Preliminaries, but totally left them, and the confequences which muft enfue to the detriment of the State, to thofe Provinces who, by their direction, fuffered fuch oppreffive ftipulations to be introduced into the negociation, and think they ought to be admitted.

VIENNA, September 21.
It is reported that the Pruffian troops are affembling in great numbers in the neighbourhood of Neifs.

LONDON, October 14.
The following is the letter written by the King of Pruffia to the States-General of the United Provinces of the Low Countries.

"High and Mighty Lords, and particularly good friends and neighbours, &c.

"We, Frederick, by the Grace of God, King of Pruffia, Margrave of Brandenbourg, &c. &c. &c.

"After having communicated to your High Mightineffes our uneafinefs and intentions by our ample letter of the 29th of February, of the laft year, refpecting the difagreeable fituation for fome time before of the Lord Hereditary Stadtholder Prince of Orange and Naffau; and having received on that head, on the part of your High Mightineffes, by your anfwer of the 31ft of Auguft of the fame year, affurances fo agreeable refpecting that affair, we did hope that thefe circumftances would not have taken place any more; but on the contrary, that the faid Lord Hereditary Stadtholder would have been left in the quiet exercife of his inconteftable prerogatives, appertaining to his dignity of Hereditary Stadtholder.

"But fince we learn the contrary, and even fome very unfavorable advices from fome of the Provinces of your High Mightineffes, this has excited us to defpatch to the Lords States of the Province of Holland and Weft-Friefland, a letter, of which a copy is inclofed.

"Being convinced of your High Mightineffes love of equity, and of their affection for the Houfe of Orange and Naffau, which has merited it, in all the States of the United Provinces, we moft earneftly pray your High Mightineffes, by the prefent, as a neighbour and friend, to interpofe in the prefent difagreeable events, and that you will addrefs with zeal, both the Lords States of Holland and Weft-Friefland, and the States of the other Provinces, where neceffary, in order that the Lord Hereditary Stadtholder may peaceably enjoy the rights belonging to him hereditarily; that thofe taken from him may be reftored, and that a perfect harmony may be re-eftabliihed.

"Thus we recommend by the prefent in the moft ferious manner to your High Mightineffes, the welfare and intereffs of the Lord Hereditary Stadtholder, of our dear niece, and of their family, which gives fo much hopes; that your High Mightineffes therefore will take into deliberation, and make the Lords of their refpective States conider, that we cannot be indifferent refpecting the cruel and unmerited fate of perfons fo nearly related to us; but, on the contrary, that we fhall watch over the preervation of the welfare due to them, and to which we ought to contribute by every poffible means. To that effect, we equally prefent our impartial mediation, in quality of friend and neighbour, and with the beft intentions.

"We hope to fee, in confequence, that our wifhes will be fulfilled in that refpect; and in this expectation we remain at all times affectionate to your High Mightineffes as a friend and neighbour.

FREDERICK.

Berlin, Sept. 18, 1785.
and underneath HERTSBERG.
FINCKENSTEIN.

Oct. 15. The following may be depended on, and will explain the account which appeared in the papers of Saturday laft, relating to a difpute between an American Governor and an Engliih Captain:

By private letters from Nova-Scotia we are informed, that a number of fmall veffels were fent by Commodore Sawyer, under the convoy of the Mercury frigate from Halifax to Boffon for cattle and live-ftock; that Captain Stanhope waited on Governor Boudoin at Boffon, attended by his officers, in their uniforms, and immediately after the Captain and his officers left the Government-Houfe they were infulted and ftoned by the populace, who defired them to leave off their uniforms, d——d the K—— their maffer, and nearly killed Captain Stanhope and two of his boat's crew with ftones. Captain Stanhope, in a very gallant manner, went through the mob to the Government-Houfe, and made his complaint to Governor Boudoin, who affured Captain Stanhope that he and his people fhould have fatisfaction, and not be offended in future; but in returning to his boat again he was mobbed, and the following day the Boffon newfpapers were filled with low and fcurrilous abufe on the K——g of G. B. his Miniffers and fervants. Captain Stanhope therefore wrote to Governor Boudoin, defiring him to correct the fcandalous libels publifhed in the papers; but the Governor having given an evafive anfwer, Captain Stanhope, in a very fpirited and becoming manner, went on fhore again and remonftrated with Governor Boudoin, and affured his Excellency, that if any further infult was offered to the King's flag, or his officers, he would lay part of the town about his ears; and accordingly had placed his fhip in a fituation proper for that purpofe when the laft advices left Boffon.

Miff Ann Frankland, daughter of the Rev. Mr. William Frankland, fometime rector of Ofwaldkirk, near Malton, in the North Riding of the county of York, fondling a little dog in her lap, was bitten in the lip by the animal, which was not perceived to be mad. Upon her crying out, a maid-fervant, who was then employed in waffing the linen of the family, ran immediately to her affiftance; but in taking away the dog was herfelf feverely bitten in the arm. The confequence was, that Miff Frankland, not apprehending her danger, and therefore applying no remedy, was feized with the hydrophobia, and died with all the ufual fymptoms of that dreadful diforder. The maid-fervant continuing her bufinefs of waffing, with her arm for feveral hours in the foap-fuds, efcaped all the calamitous confequences of the accident. Whence it was concluded, that the fearching quality of the foap had perfectly fecured her from the fatal effect of fuch an accident. Whether the like experiment may be preventive of the evils attending the bite of mad animals in other fubjects may be worth the trial.

Extract of a letter from Warfaw, Sept. 22.

"M. Buchols, his Pruffian Majefty's Minifter at this Court, has delivered to the King of Poland, the declaration, already known, of the conclufion of the Germanic League. This is probably only a mere communication, for there is not the leaft appearance that his Polifh Majefty will, on any account, enter into that confederation. The influence of the two Imperial Courts of Vienna and Peterfburg, is too confiderable in this country for any attempt to be made contrary to the intereffs of thofe two powers."

The Court of Madrid fent M. d'Expilly to Algiers, for the purpofe of negociating a peace; a gentleman of the firft rate abilities: But according to a letter to a merchant in town, received laft week, the abovementioned miniffer is returned to Madrid, accompanied by two Algerines, without having effected any thing more than a temporary ceffation of hoftilities; though indeed this cannot be faid to be effected abfolutely, for fome Spanifh traders, as well as Genoefe, have been recently captured. The terms of the Dey are imperious in the extreme.

A letter from Gibraltar fays, that a French fhip called the Duke de la March, being chafed by two Barbary corfairs, had run under the guns of that fortrefs for protection; that one of the corfairs run in after her, on which the Governor fent an officer to acquaint the Captain of the corfair, that if he offered to take poffeffion of the French fhip he would fink him, and defired that he would put to fea immediately, which order was complied with, and every mark of refpect was fhewn by the Governor to the French Captain, and a floop of war fent to fee him fafe into Toulon.

According to letters from Lifbon of the 29th ult. one of the Portuguefe veffels cruifing off the mouth of the Mediterranean to protect the trade of that nation to the coaft of Africa, had taken a large Algerine corfair, mounting 24 guns, including pattararoes. The Moors held a very obftinate engagement of near five hours, when their Captain was killed, and fhe immediately ftruck. The Portuguefe carried her into Sacre-Bay. Her moft Faithful Majefty, in confideration of the fervices rendered by this capture, and to encourage fimilar ardor in others, had immediately given orders for the Captain, officers, and crew of her frigate to be rewarded.

A letter from the Hague, dated October 6, fays, "The States-General are again fitting. A very particular circumftance has happened, which has not occurred for near a century before, *i. e.* on the firft day of meeting, the Deputies of the Province of Utrecht, after giving a folemn proteft againft the articles preliminary to peace with the Emperor, took their leaves and fet off for their own country, and it is whifpered, that the Deputies of Zealand, and Groningen, are about to follow their example: Warm contentions are expected in debating this bufinefs.

A poor crazy man, who begged from houfe to houfe, afked charity of the late Duke of Newcaftle, and pretended to be his relation. His Grace begged to know how nearly they were related, when the man told him, We were all brothers and fifters from *Adam*. "Very well, anfwered the Duke, I acknowledge the relationfhip; there is a penny for you; and if all your brothers and fifters give you as much, you will be a much richer man than I."

A real repartee of a pretty red-headed boy, under five years of age, made to the King, in a natural, honeft and innocent manner:——Their Majefties returning from London lately to Windfor Caftle, in their poft-chaife, at their being fet down, a number of children furrounded the carriage to fee the King and Queen: amongft them was a very fi
morning put in breeches for the firft
Majefty inftantly fixed his eye on the che
tenance of the child, afked him, "Wh
was?" The lad replied, "My father is
beef-eater;" then faid the King, "dow
knees, and you fhall have the honor
Queen's hand;" to which the boy repli
won't kneel down, becaufe I fhall di
breeches." This extempore repartee
pleafing effect on their Majefties, that th
boy a prefent of five guineas.

KINGSTON, Novembe
His Honor the Lieut. Governor, by P
dated the eleventh day of November, ha
Friday the 9th of December, for a day
prayer and humiliation, to deprecate th
Almighty God, manifefted in the late di
mities with which this ifland has been fo
vifited.

The great increafe of the French nav
trade is owing to their underfelling moft
commodities, efpecially fugars, cotton,
all Weft-India goods, by which France
come the greateft market in the world,
to be wondered at, fays our correfpon
we conider their outward bound cargo
twenty per cent. lefs, upon an averag
outward bound cargoes do us; confeq
can afford to underfell us in all their re

Nov. 23. A gentleman of veracity la
from Savanna, affures that the Georgia
a bold defperate people) are firmly bent
the Floridas out of the hands of the S
that we may foon expect to hear of the
ample employment for their troops in th
the globe.

Laft Thurfday morning, about twen
of the road, near Dr. Spalding's penn,
two gentlemen, whofe curiofity led then
the fpot, from the hovering of a grea
carrion-crows, difcovered a human fkel
little flefh pertained to the bone; thoug
black wool was obferved on the unde
fkull; next the ground, which induced
men to conclude it was a Negro who
himfelf, if we may make ufe of the *maj*
upon this indeterminate occafion, as th
the end of a rope tied to the branch of
clofe to the place, and a pail at a few ya

CHARLESTON, Oct
On Thurfday laft the Hon. Mr.
made his promifed motion in the Houfe
tatives, to bring in a bill for prohibiting
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BOSTON, Dece
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white fpermaceti oil,—three pounds
brown and yellow ditto,—and forty fh
whale oil (fo called) that may be take
fel owned and manned wholly by the
that Commonwealth, and landed wit
from and after the firft day of Janua
further orders from the General Court.

PHILADELPHIA,
In CONGRESS, New-York, Friday,
1785.
The Secretary of the United States fo
ment of foreign affairs, to whom wa
letter of the 24th of November, to h
the Prefident, with Mr. J. Temple'
having been reported,
"THAT John Temple, Efq; has
the United States in Congrefs affemble
fion in due form, bearing date the 5th
laft, from his Britannic Majefty, con
appointing him, the Conful-General of
jefty to thefe States. That there is yet n

and Queen: amongſt them was a very fine boy, that morning put in breeches for the firſt time. His Majeſty inſtantly fixed his eye on the cheerful countenance of the child, aſked him, "Whoſe boy he was?" The lad replied, "My father is the King's beef-eater;" then ſaid the King, "down on your knees, and you ſhall have the honor to kiſs the Queen's hand;" to which the boy replied, "No, I won't kneel down, becauſe I ſhall dirt my new breeches." This extempore repartee had ſuch a pleaſing effect on their Majeſties, that they made the boy a preſent of five guineas.

KINGSTON, November 19.

His Honor the Lieut. Governor, by Proclamation dated the eleventh day of November, has appointed Friday the 9th of December, for a day of faſting, prayer and humiliation, to deprecate the wrath of Almighty God, manifeſted in the late dreadful calamities with which this iſland has been ſo frequently viſited.

The great increaſe of the French navigation and trade is owing to their underſelling moſt Weſt-India commodities, eſpecially ſugars, cotton, indigo, and all Weſt-India goods, by which France is now become the greateſt market in the world, which is not to be wondered at, ſays our correſpondent, when we conſider their outward bound cargoes coſt them twenty per cent. leſs, upon an average, than our outward bound cargoes do us; conſequently they can afford to underſell us in all their returns.

Nov. 23. A gentleman of veracity lately arrived from Savanna, aſſures that the Georgians (who are a bold deſperate people) are firmly bent on wreſting the Floridas out of the hands of the Spaniards; ſo that we may ſoon expect to hear of the Dons having ample employment for their troops in that quarter of the globe.

Laſt Thurſday morning, about twenty paces out of the road, near Dr. Spalding's penn, in Liguanea, two gentlemen, whoſe curioſity led them to examine the ſpot, from the hovering of a great number of *carrion-crows*, diſcovered a human ſkeleton.—Very little fleſh pertained to the bone; though a lock of black wool was obſerved on the under part of the ſkull, next the ground, which induced the gentlemen to conclude it was a Negro who had hanged *himſelf*, if we may make uſe of the *maſculine* gender upon this indeterminate occaſion, as they obſerved the end of a rope tied to the branch of a ſmall tree, cloſe to the place, and a pail at a few yards diſtance.

CHARLESTON, October 8.

On Thurſday laſt the Hon. Mr. E. Rutledge made his promiſed motion in the Houſe of Repreſentatives, to bring in a bill for prohibiting the importation of Negroes into this State for the term of three years. After a lengthy debate, it was negatived by 65 to 48.

BOSTON, December 5.

We are aſſured, that the General Court have taken off, in part, the reſtrictions laid upon foreign veſſels in the navigation act (Britiſh excepted) and we truſt the Legiſlature will be ever impreſſed with the neceſſity of giving the commerce of the United States a preference to any other nation on the face of the whole earth.

NEW-YORK, December 13.

By the lateſt accounts handed us from Ireland, the troubles of that unhappy kingdom ſtill wear a gloomy aſpect.—Groaning under the weight of the iron hand of oppreſſion, its inhabitants pant for the cooling ſtreams of liberty. Several of the peaceable inhabitants of the city of Dublin, have been ſhockingly wounded, by a number of Britiſh officers, as they were paſſing the ſtreets, merely becauſe they ſuppoſed them to belong to corps of volunteers. O Britain! When ſhall thy inſatiate thirſt for blood be at an end!

Dec. 14. The General Aſſembly of Maſſachuſetts have reſolved, that a bounty be paid out of their Public Treaſury, of five pounds for every ton of white ſpermaceti oil,—three pounds per ton for brown and yellow ditto,—and forty ſhillings for all whale oil (ſo called) that may be taken by any veſſel owned and manned wholly by the inhabitants of that Commonwealth, and landed within the ſame, from and after the firſt day of January next, until further orders from the General Court.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.

In CONGRESS, New-York, Friday, December 2, 1785.

The Secretary of the United States for the department of foreign affairs, to whom was referred his letter of the 24th of November, to his Excellency the Preſident, with Mr. J. Temple's commiſſion, having been reported,

"THAT John Temple, Eſq; has preſented to the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, a commiſſion in due form, bearing date the 5th of February, laſt, from his Britannic Majeſty, conſtituting and appointing him, the Conſul-General of his ſaid Majeſty to theſe States. That there is yet no commercial treaty or convention ſubſiſting between ... nic Majeſty and the United States, who... have a perfect right to eſtabliſh Conſuls in... nions of the other, but that amicable n... for that and other reciprocal privileges a... pending: That although the iſſue of tho... tions is as yet uncertain, it will neverthe... per for the United States, on this and eve... caſion to obſerve as great a degree of ... may conſiſt with a due regard to the ... honor and welfare;" Therefore,

Reſolved, That the ſaid John Temp... and he hereby is received and recogni... ful-General of his Britannic Majeſty th... United States, and that his commiſſion ... in the Secretary's office.

Reſolved, That all the privileges, pr... and authority, which the laws of nation... land give to a Conſul-General received... ted States from any nation with whom t... commercial treaty or convention, are du... John Temple, Eſq; and ſhall be enjoye...

Ordered, That certified copies of the ... lutions be tranſmitted to the Executive ... ent States for their information.

BALTIMORE, Decem...

Copy of a letter, dated Paris, September ... by Mr. BARCLAY, Conſul-General of ... Mr. ZACHARIAH L'ORIETHE, M... L'Orient.

"I embrace the firſt opportunity o... you, that the Algerines have commen... ties againſt the Americans, and have ... of their veſſels, ſome of which are arrive... with their cargoes and people on boar... tiſed for public ſale.—You will pleaſe ... known to ſuch Commanders of veſſels ... the United States as are in your port, t... govern themſelves accordingly.

"It is a conſiderable time ſince ſom... taken to make a truce with the States of ... doubtleſs proper meaſures will be purſ... redemption of the people, and the pr... ſuch unfortunate accidents in future.—I ...

Dec. 23. Early yeſterday morning, ... out in the dwelling-houſe of Mr. Thom... in Water-ſtreet, within one door of ... Light-lane, which was entirely co... nearly the whole of two adjoining bu... fire had made ſuch progreſs in Mr. D... before diſcovered, that he and fami... time to ſave themſelves, leaving eve... periſh in the flames.

ALEXANDRIA, Dec...

On Tueſday the 27th Inſtant being ... ſary of St. John the Evangeliſt, the ... Lodge No. 39, Ancient York Maſons, ... Lodge-Room, from whence they mar... ceſſional Order to the Preſbyterian M... and after hearing a well adapted Diſc... rity and general Benevolence among ... vered by the Rev. WILLIAM M'W... turned to Brother LYLES's Tavern, w... and ſpent the Evening in that ſocia... Mirth ſo characteriſtic of the Anci... volent Craft.

A few Days ſince arrived here from ... Schooner Jeſſe, Capt. Davis.—On the ... 9th Inſtant, on his Paſſage here, a Mr. ... Mate of the Schooner, was miſſing, a... poſed he leaped overboard.

We hear from Jamaica, that on Thu... 17th Ult. about 3 o'Clock in the Morning, ... Shock of an Earthquake was felt at Kingſto... its Vicinity, which was immediately followed b... Noiſe like that of diſtant Thunder.

A late Jamaica Paper ſays, "Spain bids fair to be ſuddenly diſabled in her Power and Reſources, by the alarming Troubles in South-America, which are daily gathering to a Head, and, without a ſpeedy and effectual Cure, will inevitably riſe to ſuch a Pitch of Strength and Aggravation, as to bid Defiance to the moſt potent Efforts of the *Dons*.

"For the deareſt and beſt Intereſts of Religion, Liberty, Virtue and Humanity, it is moſt ardently to be wiſhed, that whenever the South-Americans enter heartily, and with the Energy becoming Men determined to be free, into the arduous Struggle above alluded to, it may be followed by complete Emancipation from the bigotted and cruel Tyranny of Spain."

The Schooner Bumper, Capt. M'Kellan, from Philadelphia, is arrived at Kingſton, Jamaica.

MARRIED.] At Hayes's, Montgomery County, Maryland, on the 11th Inſtant, HENRY TOWNSEND, Eſq; to the truly accompliſhed Miſs REBECCA CHESLEY, the third Daughter of JOHN CHESLEY, Eſq; of St. Mary's County.

"On Friday the 16th Inſtant, after a ſhort Illneſs, departed this Life, at his Houſe in Port-Tobacco, WALTER HANSON JENIFER, Doctor of Phyſic, a Gentleman eminent for his profeſſional Abilities, and diſtinguiſhed for all thoſe Virtues which render Men uſeful to Society; a dutiful Son,

A DVE... remo... ſons deſirou... of wharves ... weeks contra... ſuch contract ... this town all ſuit... any trouble or ri... it and his work a... ROBERDEAU or ... inform where he is to ...
Alexandria, Dec. 2...
For charter to St. EU...
The ſchooner ...
DENNIS JOHNSTON, ... barrels, and will be ready ... next month.—For terms ... BROWN, or the ſaid Maſt...
Alexandria, Dec. 29, 17... whatſoever, ...

ooe and Harriſon,

Have for ſale,

RA wine of London, New-York and ginia quality, Sherry of 2, 3, 4, 5, and d, a few quarter caſks of Pajarete wine, oxes, French brandy, Jamaica ſpirits, caſes, Cadiz ſalt, alum ditto, and ſundry

ia, Dec. 7, 1785.

ARTER WANTED,

FOR the Brigantine BETSY, Capt. BROWN, burthen about 270 hogſheads of tobacco. She has a Britiſh Regiſter and Mediterranean Paſs, and is ow at Quantico. Apply to

HUIE, REID and CO.

Dec. 14, 1785.

---

to be let on Ground-

n this town, by

looe and Harriſon.

ia, Dec. 15, 1785.

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d until the firſt day of November, 1786, OUSE and LOT lately occupied by Mr. MAS REEDER.—The conveniencies of this tenement for a publican, are inone in Alexandria. Terms may be pplying as early as poſſible to

SAMUEL ARELL.

ia, Dec. 8, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

In Fee-Simple,

valuable LOT, advantageouſly ſituat- Prince-ſtreet—Inquire at the Printing-

ia, Dec. 1, 1785.

---

benezer Richmond,

CTFULLY offers his ſervices to the itants of this town and the country adjacaſes of phyſic and ſurgery. Thoſe who roper to employ him may depend upon ed with expedition, aſſiduity and fidelity. mendations he has in his poſſeſſion, ready to ſhew to any perſon who will ble to peruſe them, from phyſicians of d gentlemen of public character, will, mſelf, induce thoſe who may ſtand in dical aſſiſtance, to make trial of his abi- them: And a life devoted to the puraic knowledge in general, and to the healing art in particular, together with ſucceſsful practice in the army and United States, and in a domeſtic ens him to believe that thoſe who o confide in him will not be diſapir expectations.

be ſpoke with at Mr. Roper's tavern oudon Coun-

8, 1785.

TO BE LET,

onvenient three ſtory brick STORE, north-eaſt corner of Prince and Union y occupied by Jonathan Swift and Co. ory of which is now in the tenure of Ed- er. The ſituation of the ſtore for any ieſs is ſuperior to any in this town. The be known by applying to JOHN HARto ſaid EDWARD HARPER.

xandria, Dec. 15, 1785.

FOR SALE,

ONE hundred acres of LAND in Fairfax County, 9 miles from Alexandria and 7 from George-Town; it lies one mile from the Falls-Church, and adjoins the plantation lately occupied and owned by Mr. John Hunter; upwards of 20 acres may be made into good meadow, being well watered by Four-Mile-Run, and ſeveral excellent ſprings. For terms apply to Mr. WILLIAM BUSHBY in Alexandria, or the Subſcriber in Baltimore, by whom an indiſputable title will be given, as the conteſt at law reſpecting this land is now ended in his favor. ADAM FONERDEN.

Dec. 15, 1785.

Andrew Jamieſon and Co.

Biſcuit-Bakers, oppoſite the Printing-Office,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have lately begun the biſcuit-baking buſineſs, which they intend carrying on in all its branches. They have for ſale common ſhip bread, fine ditto, ſmall fine ditto, equal to the Philadelphia ſmall cag bread. They can furniſh biſcuit for ſhip ſtores and for exportation on the ſhorteſt notice; and they hope to merit the approbation of all who may pleaſe to favor them with their orders.

☞ An Aprentice or two are wanted for the above buſineſs.

*** A generous price will be given for ſhip-ſtuff and middlings.

Alexandria, Dec. 15, 1785.

Robinſon, Sanderſon and Rumney,

Are now landing from on board the Hope, Captain Cragg, from Whitehaven, a freſh aſſortment of European GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon, which they will diſpoſe of on the loweſt terms, at their ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, by wholeſale only.

Alſo the following articles:

IRISH meſs beef in tierces,
Ditto in barrels,
Iriſh meſs pork in ditto,
Beſt roſe butter in firkins,
Barley in cags,
Single refined ſugar,
Beſt Durham muſtard,
Candles,
Soap,
Red port in bottles,
London porter in ditto,
Strong beer in ditto,
Pipes,
Stone and earthen ware,
Liſbon and Liverpool Salt,
Two neat ſets of Mahogany chairs, 1 dozen each.

☞ They will give the beſt caſh price for Tobacco as uſual.

Alexandria, Dec. 7, 1785.

Montgomery County, Maryland, Nov. 29, 1785.

To be ſold by public vendue, on Thurſday the 16th day of March next, if fair, if not the next fair day, (if not ſold before at private ſale) the following lands, lying in the County aforeſaid, viz.

ABERDEEN, with two ſmall tracts nearly adjoining, making in the whole about 180 acres of level fertile land, whereon are the following valuable improvements: A commodious two-ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, 42 by 30 feet, four rooms, a paſſage and bar well finiſhed, on the lower floor, and four rooms on the upper, not quite finiſhed, a cellar underneath the whole with convenient diviſions, a large and convenient kitchen with a good brick chimney, another houſe with a brick chimney, which, with a ſmall expence, might be converted into a ſtorehouſe, a good tobacco-houſe 32 by 21 feet, a large and well conſtructed ſtable divided into ſtalls, and ſeveral other convenient and neceſſary outhouſes; a large garden with a ſtone wall round it, and adjoining the dwelling-houſe, a well of excellent water within a few ſteps of the kitchen door, about nine acres of excellent meadow now in Timothy, and an orchard of apple trees of the beſt kind of fruit.—About 70 acres of this land are yet to clear, the reſt under good and ſufficient fenting, and the whole adapted to farming or planting.—Through this tract and cloſe to the dwelling-houſe runs the road from George-Town to Frederick-Town, is about 13 miles from the former and 30 from the latter, and leſs than a mile from the Court-Houſe of this County.—This ſtand is juſtly eſteemed one of the beſt in the County for a tavern, and has been occupied as ſuch for ſeveral years.—If this tract is not ſold at or before the abovementioned time, I propoſe to rent it with the houſe thereon, for a term of years.——Alſo, 500 acres of LAND, being part of a tract called Leakins's Lot, lying on the waters of Seneca, about 20 miles from George-Town and 35 from Baltimore.—The ſoil of this land is well adapted to the cultivation of fine tobacco, it lies level and abounds with ſprings of excellent water, and a large quantity of beautiful watered meadow might be made thereon at a very ſmall expence.—There are about 40 or 50 acres of this land cleared, which rents for 2000lb. of crop tobacco yearly, and the aſſeſſment of 200 acres paid by the tenants yearly.—The improvements are a ſmall log dwelling-houſe, a few out-houſes, and a young orchard of apple trees.——Alſo, 250 acres of LAND, being part of a tract called Exchange and New Exchange Enlarged, lying within a mile of Aberdeen.—This land lies level, abounds in ſprings of good water, and is ſuitable for either planting or farming.—There are about 30 acres of very valuable meadow ground belonging to it, 40 or 50 acres freſh cleared, under good fence, and in good order for cropping.—The reſt of the improvements are a Negro quarter and new log tobacco houſe 52 by 22 feet, and covered with ſhingles.—Alſo a tract called Addition to Diſcovery, containing 90 acres.—This land lies about 15 miles from George-Town, is remarkably ſtrong and rich, abounding in heavy timber and ſprings of excellent water.—There are about 30 acres of it cleared and under a good fence, and about 3 acres of beautiful meadow now in graſs.—The improvements are a ſmall log dwelling-houſe, kitchen, a good framed tobacco-houſe, and 200 bearing apple trees of the very beſt kind of fruit.—The title to theſe lands is indiſputable, and the terms of payment will be made very eaſy to the purchaſers. JAMES SUTER.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements*, &c. are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.